Sit Back, Relax and Learn About the National CAD Standard!



What could be more exciting? Nevermind, no need to respond.

Anyhoo... If you are interested in learning more about the National CAD Standard (NCS) and how it might help streamline your projects, take an hour and attend this live presentation to get your questions answered!

Did you think the NCS is only for architects? Is it just for CAD? Or BIM? Wondering if it's as scary as you've always imagined? Need a quick overview to see what's in there?

Aside from default settings in the programs (hello CONT-MNR and CONT-MJR!), there have never really been CAD standards in the land surveying & civil engineering world but the National CAD Standard is a good option for those who want a quick-start. Carlson Software and Civil 3d both include NCS-based templates on installation and it's easier than ever to implement.

Also, attend this webinar to learn more about what the

Survey/Civil Task Team has already accomplished in making the NCS more applicable to those of us in the land development industries.

Here's that link to REGISTER again

Carlson Tip of the Day… List of improvements in Carlson 2015 programs



General

- AutoCAD 2015 Added support for this new version.
- IntelliCAD 8.0 Direct support for 2013 DWG file format. Added 64-bit version. New features including support for dynamic entity reactors, layer states and improved

ddvpoint interface.

- Google Earth Added support for exporting 3D Faces.
- Import 3D View Model File New command to create drawing entities from a 3D model file.
- Export 3D View Model File New command to create a 3D model file from selected drawing entities.
- 3D Model Library New command to prepare the 3D models to use in the 3D Viewer commands.
- Toolbar Manager New command to save status of toolbars and allow migrating toolbar settings between versions.
- File Selection Added list of subfolders within current folder and button to move up a folder level. Added option for warning when selecting a data file that is not within the current project folders.
- Textures Added 40 new textures for 3D viewing.
- Settings File Manager Added function to compare two settings files and report differences.
- Leader With Text Added option for horizontal tick and option to create with Mtext.
- Join Nearest Added filters for common colors and linetypes.
- Join Polyline By Trace New command to join linework into a polyline with prompts at intersections

Survey Commands

Field To Finish – Added special pipe feature coding with ability to create pipe network (.sew) file. For tree feature coding, added option for drip as diameter instead of radius, added option for solid circle for trunk and option for relative tree size for the symbols. Added control for separate layers for the point attribute block and point node. Added new AFIT special code for making a curve tangent through a series of three curve points. Added method for dynamic templates with variable horizontal and vertical offsets by using the OH and OV special codes. Added settings file default distinct point layer prefix/suffix. Added separate text size settings for attribute text labels and point block attributes.

- SurvNET Added error report for individiaul observations to track down blunders. Added import for TDS GPS vectors.
- Edit Process Level Data Added support for processing with zero horizontal distances.
- Carlson Cloud New command for communicating with SurvCE for sending messages, data files and crew locations.
- Report Distance Scale Added methods for grid/ground factors on-the-fly in addition to a fixed factor.
- 3D Transformations Added 3D coordinate transformations.
- Point Group Manager Added method to create point group by offset distance from alignment polyline.
- Move Point Attributes With Leader Added controls for attribute order and ability for curved leaders.
- Import Text/ASCII File Added method import from text with fixed widths and method to use inclusion/exclusion perimeters.
- Legal Description Added method to report station/offset using a reference centerline. Added method for reporting with geodetic mean angle and geodetic distances.
- Cut Sheet Added method to get station/offset from the point description coding. Added field for design point description.
- Offset Points By Interval New command to create offset points along an alignment.
- Label Coordinates Added options to include a description, to use Mtext, to draw the labels at an angle and option for mleader.
- Draw Legend Added method to put each symbol or a

specific layer.

Civil Commands

- Draw Profile For paper space profiles, added method to use an existing layout as a reference template for the new layout. For the horizontal label box, added option for horizontal text in addition to vertical. For pipe profiles, added settings to label inverts by left/right order, added option to draw cutoff style pipe extensions, added option to create labels as MText, added option for flow arrow in middle of pipe, new option for labels above the pipes, added justification settings per label, added setting for separate layer for pipe thickness than pipe profile and option to connect rims with a polyline for a simple surface profile. For Label Line/Point crossings, added option to label elevations at crossings, added method for labeling GIS attributes, added method to label points of selected descriptions within offset tolerance, added option to label CL deflections and added option to avoid label overlaps. Added special CL stations for break point station/elevation labels plus new prefix/suffix settings. For EOP profiles, added new break point and EOP leader style to the start of the labels, added option to label ground profile on road EOP profiles and added controls to select which profiles are EOP, road and ground. For the manhole name within circle option, added setting to put the name and number on separate lines and added the option to auto shift the labels to avoid overlaps.
- Draw Sections Added option to label cut/fill volumes per station. Added separate settings for pipe crossing layers for decimals on pipe size, offset and elevation.

- Draw Plan View Sheets Added option to set station range to draw.
- Input-Edit Centerline Added Fit Curve method to apply speed table to all PIs in centerline.
- Input-Edit Profile Added method to apply speed table for vertical curve lengths to all PIs in profile.
- Label Station/Offset Added method to use a TIN or grid surface for the elevation reference.
- Draw Lot Setback Added method for separate corner side setback amount.
- Move Spot Elevations New command to move spot labels and update elevation to new position on reference surface.
- Line Of Sight Viewshed New command to calculate line-ofsight from a point and eye height on a surface.
- Draw Spot Elevations Added option for label only and option to pick an entity instead of a point.
- Cut/Fill Labels For points method, added more options like separate layers for existing and design. For the TIN method, added options for deep cut/fill labels and option for marker symbol.
- Smooth Polylines Added method to smooth polyline between selected points.
- Triangulation File Utilities Added function to color TIN within inclusion perimeter.
- Road Stripe Library New command to setup named sets of road stripes with offsets, colors and styles.
- Draw Road Stripes New command to draw linework for road stripes.
- Linear 3D Object Polylines New set of commands to manage alignment polylines for 3D Viewer commands for linear 3D features such as fences or guard rails.
- Label Profile On Centerline Added label position by left/right in addition to above/below. Added prefix/suffix and station interval settings.

- Offset 3D Polyline By Grade Table New command to offset a 3D polyline using the distances and slopes from a template grade table.
- Road Network Added settings for station range to process for each road.
- Mass Haul Analysis For borrow pits, added offset from road to account for offset travel time.
- Sections From 3D Polylines New command to create cross sections from 3D polylines.
- Surface 3D Viewer Added option to show contours. Added functions to edit triangulation by swapping edges, adding breaklines, removing points, removing triangles or editing point elevations.
- Surface 3D Flyover Surface model is kept in sync with any edits in CAD so that the 3D view is automatically updated. Added method to add models to the scene by screen picking plus the ability to pick models in the scene to edit properties (location, rotation, scale). Added function to record a movie. Added method to map textures by color and method to scale textures. Added run view mode for detached from moving vehicle. Added option to show contours. In pick mode, display real-time coordinate and elevation for mouse position on surface.
- Motion 3D Viewer New command to assign path polylines with speeds to 3D models and the camera.

Hydrology Commands

- Design Detention Pond New command with all steps for detention pond design plus support for multiple rain events.
- Pipe Culvert Design Added method for tailwater by channel or discharge rating and added overtopping

analysis.

- SCS Rainfall Library New command to define an SCS data reference library for rain events.
- Rational Rainfall Library Added import of IDF tables from comma separated text files.
- Collision Conflict Check Added support for checking unlimited pipe networks and using the report formatter.
- Sewer Network Design Added option for junction loss for pipe connections including laterals. Added method for tailwater at each outlet. New method to set symbol rotation by screen pick. Added graphic preview during .sew file selection.
- Lateral Design Allow for multiple lateral connections at manholes.
- Identify Pipe Polylines New command to ID or list pipe data assigned to 3D polylines.
- Import Network From 3D Polylines Added method to control order of names by design order, elevation or polyline direction. Added method to set rim elevation by depth.

GIS Commands

 Label GIS Point Data — New command to create text labels or block with attributes for selected GIS attributes.

Field Commands

• Drivers: Upgraded many drivers from the SurvCE updates.

Geology Commands

- Define Mining Model Added Mine Model collection of surfaces for modeling only mineable strata already adjusted for recovery, roof/floor gain/loss and minimum parting. Renamed "Pre-Calc Model" to "Geologic Model".
- Geologic To Mining Model New command to adjust a Geologic Model to make a Mining Model.
- Drillhole Database Added support for MS Access .accdb format.
- DHDB Added drillhole database import/export to DHDB format.
- Import From Coal Section New command to create pit/channel samples from coal sections.
- Configure Section Info Added method to set folder for section drawing to allow storing the section info on a server.
- Import/Export Coal Sections From Text File New commands to import/export coal sections from/to text files.
- Grid Files Added option to store .grd files as binary to improve read/write speed.
- Grid File Utilities Added method to call other GFU macros and pass parameters from another macro. Added sin() and cos() functions for grid math. New dialog interface including dialog for creating IF statements. Added 3D window to show grid while modified.
- Draw Geologic Column Added method to draw in 3D with strata sections sized based on grade parameters. Also added 3D draw method as 3D lines. Added method to label grade names and added separate layer settings for attribute labels. For labels in 3D, added options for rotate labels vertical and draw label leaders. 3D Viewer Window now shows 3D text generated by Geologic Column.
- Drillhole Report Added method to report grades for each strata.
- Drillhole Core Images Added method to draw the report to

the drawing and added option for labeling depth or elevation.

- Draw eLog New command to draw graph of selected attributes from an eLog LAS file.
- Create Drillhole from eLog New command to create drillholes with strata classification using the eLog paramters.
- Trim Isopach Within Fault Zone New command to isopach elevations and break contours at fault zones.
- Draw Fault Labels New command to label fault deltas.
- Draw Fault Symbols New command to draw +/- symbols for faults.
- Apply Faults To Grid Added method to handle thrust faults. Added method for processing multiple grids at a time.
- Surface Mine Reserves Added Adjust Pits Manager for adjusting pit perimeters with real-time quantity updates.
- Draw Grade Boundary New command to draw boundary polylines around area with specified grade.
- Block Model Statistics Added min/max/average elevation and depth to the report. Added level # to report name.

Surface/Underground Mining Commands

- Ribbon Added a mining ribbon for running with AutoCAD 2012 and higher.
- Import Pit Points Added method for user-defined input file formats.
- Import Polyline File Added method to draw 3D polylines from sequence of top/bottom points for blast holes.
- Label Property Lines Added option to label owner or id labels and added setting for label layer.
- Surface Equipment Timing Improved calculation speed by 25%. Added method to use table of production targets with variable equipment usage to adjust to meet the targets.

- Underground Timing Added option for transparent hatching and for buffer hatching.
- Dozer Push Added support for push cut area by closed polyline. Added method for reporting single, average push. Added option to keep existing polylines, to draw centroid symbol and to label total push distance. Added settings for label text size, layer, style, decimals and prefixes.
- Regrade Backfill Added bench option to cross section regrade design.
- Range Diagram Added dimensions for all angles and distances. Added options to output final profile and to output parameters to sequence file.
- Design Ramp Profile New command to create a ramp profile between two surfaces.
- Ramp Bench Polyline Generator New command to design bench pits using polylines.
- Edit Dragline Sequence New command to edit the steps for pit cuts.
- Make Solid From Points New command to create a solid model from a cloud of points.
- View Solid New command to view a solid model in the 3D viewer.
- Draw 3D Mine Model Added method to make model from coal sections and pillar/perimeter polylines.
- View 3D Surface History Added support for displaying TINs.

Construction Commands

- Define Layer Target/Material/Subgrade Added support for up to 7 subgrades.
- Color TIN By Layer New command to color the surface TIN using the color assignments in Define Layer Target.

- 3D Drive Simulation Added method to apply textures to design layers in addition to colors for viewing in 3D.
- Tag Segments To Skip Linear New command to tag polyline segments to skip for material linear quantities.

CADNet Commands

- Merge Raster Files Added method to automatically select control points.
- Import SketchUp File To Drawing New command to create drawing entities from a SketchUp file.
- Import PDF File New import engine with ability to use layers for PDFs with layers.
- Drawing to 3D PDF New command to create a 3D PDF from selected drawing entities.
- 3D Viewer to 3D PDF New command to create a 3D PDF from a 3DX file from the 3D Viewers.

Point Cloud Commands

- Faro Added direct import method uses Faro toolkit.
- E57 Added support for importing industry standard e57 format.
- PLY Added import for PLY format.
- LAS Added method to use LAS classification for coloring and selection.

Data Conversions

 12D — Added import and export for pipe networks plus support for some more entity types.

- Canada Added support for NTv2-NAD27-83
- Geoids Added support for Canada CGG2010 and CGG2013n83, Sweden 08_rh2000, Sweden 08_rh70, Poland 2011 and Georgia 2012
- Iowa Added projections for Iowa Regional Coordinate System
- Ireland Added national grid projection.
- KOF Added function to draw linework from KOF files.
- MDL Added support for binary data within FSC file.
- Norway Added support for N2000 format.
- SketchUp Added import for SketchUp models in Surface 3D FlyOver
- SurvCE Added import for points with photos in Google KML format as created by SurvCE

Robert Green's "An Open Letter to CAD Software Companies" and a Response from IntelliCAD

If you're one of the many folks out there who don't believe that the developers of your CAD software are listening to you… you're not alone and you should take the time to read **Robert Green's "An Open Letter to CAD Software Companies**" in **Cadalyst**. And, as to the part about feeling like you're all alone, here is Robert's follow up describing the **overwhelming response to his** open letter.

I receive email versions of **Robert's bi-weekly CAD Manager newsletters** but had fallen behind and didn't see the original post until yesterday. If I'd read it when it was first released, my response would have been, "Amen brother!".

Just yesterday morning I had a conversation with a colleague whose company does Landscape Architecture, Civil Design and Land Planning. They are fully invested in Civil 3d (including much blood, sweat and tears in addition to money, money, money) but they're as productive as any company I know of with the program. Their main complaint? They feel like Autodesk is pushing them toward Revit and they have no need for the software.

In my own experience, I see the push toward NavisWorks and 3ds Max. I had two seats of Civil 3d until I downgraded one of them to Map last year – only to be "rewarded" with an upgrade to Infrastructure Design Suite (and more money for Subscription) this year. This was supposedly something that owners of a Civil 3d and a Map license were able to opt-in to. I didn't opt-in. So, it took me several days to get them to un-opt-me-in and revert my licenses back to what I'd purchased. Is it any wonder I'm suspicious of any "bonuses" that come my way **because of this**?

I don't know how much Robert intended to point the finger at **Autodesk** in the original column but, with my experiences described above, the references to BIM (which we've long argued was a way for Autodesk to avoid talking about Esri and GIS) and Cloud and other buzzwords, that's certainly the connection I made in my mind.

Because the **Carlson Software** I sell now includes **IntelliCAD**, an alternative to AutoCAD, I passed links to the open letter and the responses to a few folks to get their reaction. Dave

Lorenzo, the Development Director for the **ITC (IntelliCAD Technology Consortium)** took the feedback to heart and, considering the interest in the future of IntelliCAD the past few years, I asked his permission to post his response. I very much appreciate his willingness to let me do so…

I agree that the features mentioned are focused on AutoCAD, but the article is not so much about features as it's really about the user's perception if someone is listening. While Autodesk is moving too fast providing features that users don't want or need, we are not moving fast enough to provide the basic productivity features users are requesting, so it appears we both are not listening to our users. That is the perception we need to fix too.

Our next release has several user requested productivity features and I hope our users will see we are listening. Actually we have always been listening but our rewrite of IntelliCAD 7 took so many resources that there was little time for new features — that situation is finally changing. I believe that there are a lot of unhappy AutoCAD users who want IntelliCAD to be successful, we just need to listen and add those remaining productivity features that are keeping them from making the switch.

What is Carlson up to?

This is a good article about Bruce Carlson and where Carlson Software is planning to go in the future...

Independence All the Way

BIM is not GIS

As someone quite entrenched in both disciplines (Civil and Architectural), I'll add my 2 cents worth on the BIM vs. GIS subject.

In my opinion, BIM and GIS are both "methodologies" rather than "products". The acronyms each have their own meaning and refer to designing, building, and managing information in a full lifecycle.

Each discipline has its own standards; from CAD standards to design standards (think of AIA vs. AASHTO), but both BIM and GIS rely on correct As-Built data to provide accurate information about their models.

BIM

The National BIM standard states the definition of BIM as:

"BIM is best thought of as a digital representation of physical and functional characteristics of a facility…and a shared knowledge resource for information about a facility forming a reliable basis for decisions during its life-cycle; defined as existing from earliest conception to demolition."

Autodesk has taken the BIM acronym that has provided a great deal of success with their Architectural Modelling packages and applied it to their Civil products as well. Their logic appears to be that its a "3D" product, therefore it is a "BIM" product. I believe that it is irresponsible to change terminology to simply advance product sales. On the Autodesk Web Site, Autodesk lists a number of products as being "BIM" products:

- Revit
- Navisworks
- Design Review
- AutoCAD LT
- + several more

With the acronym meaning *Building Information Modelling* (with *building* being a *verb* **OR** a *noun*), its interesting to see products such as **AutoCAD LT** and **Design Review** being shown on the list.

Revit

Revit is a Design Tool that allows the storage of certain pieces of information as well as the ability to add custom fields (heating capacity, cooling capacity, etc.) to the actual objects.

Navisworks

Navisworks integrates information from multiple data sources to provide a cohesive collection of information (graphics and data) to analyze things such as clash detection (HVAC duct work clashing with structural components, etc.).

AutoCAD LT

AutoCAD LT is Autodesk's low-end design package. Apparently, any DWG file creation tool is now a BIM product as well.

Design Review

Design Review is a light-weight DWF viewer and markup tool. While it has been used as a backbone of products such as FMDesktop, its neither a Design tool, nor a Modelling tool.

FMDesktop

Absent from the list is FMDesktop. FMDesktop was one of

Autodesk's tools for managing the Building Information and Autodesk just dropped the product (*Note*: There are dozens of Facilities Managent Products available that provide similar capabilities such as FM:Systems, Archibus, Tririga, Manhattan, Cadapult, Famis, and more).

In the 2006 – 2007 time frame (when Autodesk acquired FMDesktop), Autodesk themselves showed customers Power Point slides regarding BIM. These slides showed where the "Design", "Build", and then "Operate and Manage" processes were performed. FMDesktop was Autodesk's solution to tell the story of the building lifecycle and where the *information* was to be *managed*. These were broken down into 2 sections: The "Data Collection" piece and the FMDesktop piece.

Data Collection incorporated the Design (several disciplines such as Architects, MEP Systems Engineers, and Structural Engineers) as well as the majority of the Build process. The FMDesktop piece overlapped the Build process and then took over for the "Operate and Manage" process.

In my opinion, building that model of information **AND** managing that information is the true test of a "BIM" solution. There is no 1 product that is a "BIM" product. Its a series of technologies that are incorporated to provide the "information".

Ultimately, a database component is required to work with the graphical representation of data (which certainly could be referred to as the "Building Model").

GIS

GIS is BIM's counterpart whereby Geographic (position on the planet) information is being stored and managed.

Most end users might think of GIS solutions as Google Maps or Google Earth where they can enter an address and out pops a graphic representation of that location or directions on how to get there. The graphic is just the tip of the iceberg. Without the data, the graphic would simply be a pretty picture.

Just as with BIM data, GIS data utilizes design tools to build the graphics and As-Built data and then tools to expand upon the As-Built information.

While there are a number of individual products on the market to assist in the creation, manipulation and distribution of GIS data, a complete GIS system involves more than 1 product or techonology.

A couple of the common Design Products are: Autodesk Civil 3D and Carlson Civil Suite

AutoCAD Civil 3D

Civil 3D is an object-oriented design tool for Civil Engineering applications. Because the tool is object oriented, the end product is not easily distributable. The data can be transferred to other links in the GIS solution chain by using technologies such as LandXML, but the graphical interaction is lost in this process (i.e. the objects are lost).

Carlson Civil Suite

Carlson's Civil products work with DWG files in an AutoCAD or IntelliCAD DWG format. Because the data is stored as compatible DWG information with external data files, the data is easily transferred to other products in the GIS solution chain.

Managing the data developed in the design process is the next component of the GIS life-cycle. A number of products provide those solutions: ESRI ArcGIS, Vueworks, and Custom Mapguide Solutions.

ESRI ArcGIS

ESRI's shp (shape) and adn (coverage) files are quite possibly the most prevalent GIS specific data files available and are often integrated in GIS solutions. ArcGIS allows GIS solutions to be deployed similar to FM solutions in the BIM world.

Vueworks

Vueworks is an organization that builds GIS and Work Management solutions using the ESRI base applications.

MapGuide

MapGuide is Autodesk's development environment to build GIS applications. It is often used in concert with ESRI, Microstation and Autodesk data files.

GIS Standard

While there is not yet a concensus on a singular GIS standard, there are independent Spatial Data Standards employed by each digester of GIS data. You can view some of those here:

- Denver Colorodo Spatial Data Standard
- Oregon Spatial Data Standard
- Federal Geographic Data Committee

Both GIS and BIM perform very specific functions in accordance with their own disciplines. While the terminology is often misused, they refer to unique information systems; BIM in the structural facility world and GIS in the geographic world.

Originally posted on **Carlson Connection** by Jon Luby

BIM for Civil… Not

Several months have passed since I made my original post BIM This, BIM That... What is BIM?. In that time, I have asked a lot more questions, read a lot more on the internet and had a lot of discussions with Ladd and Felicia and also read the post by one of our commenters. I think I've developed a more concrete idea about BIM and how it applies, or doesn't, to the civil/survey world and where the various software packages stand in regard to their "BIM-ability".

Now, after all this additional information has percolated in my brain, I'm drawing two main conclusions:

1. It's a fact that the term BIM as it's always been used applies to actual **BUILDINGS** – the noun form of the word. But, more specifically, it starts with construction drawings/design data but then incorporates the as-built data and, over time, continues to grow and collect data through the entire lifespan of the building.

Nothing in all this discussion of "BIM for Civil" gets beyond construction drawings and design data of a civil project. Autodesk is trying to stretch the definition of BIM to cover Civil 3D even though they never move beyond the design process with it either.

Remember, we do not talk about "BM" or Building Modeling. And, we don't work with "GS" or Geographic Systems. The "I" is THE critical factor. And the "I", or Information, piece of BIM is so valuable because it chronicles and helps manage the building through its lifespan.

To be able to legitimately call what we're doing with our Civil programs "BIM", we would need to have a mechanism to attach some

sort of database or information to the objects in our drawings.

I know, I know... that's why Civil 3D is so great — you can attach data to the objects. But, remember, we're talking about attaching **AS-BUILT** data to these objects. Even though we could attach data using Carlson GIS or AutoCAD Map or ESRI, it's simply not part of our current project scope to go back into our construction drawings and update them with as-built data so that:

- maintenance schedules are attached to roadway template surfaces based on asphalt type,
- model numbers are associated to pump stations or
- inspection reports and flow rates are attached to fire hydrant blocks.

My conclusion here is that neither of these products – Carlson nor Civil 3D – meet the true definition of a BIM for civil. Until we start addressing the Information piece for the lifetime of a project, starting with the as-built data, using the term BIM is wrong.

In my opinion, if anyone has the lead on this in the civil arena, it's ESRI.

2. Just because we don't yet attach as-built data to our objects doesn't mean that the data we do attach to our objects isn't valuable. But, leading to my 2nd conclusion, why is it valuable? It's only valuable if it can be shared. And this is where I believe Carlson has the undisputed edge. The image below shows the number of formats and other programs that Carlson is able to import data from and export data to.

Points	Surfaces	Profiles	Cross Sections
Explode Carlson Points Convert Surveyor 1 to CRD	Convert LDD-AEC Contours Convert Civil3D Surface Drawing		Import Columnar Text Import Agtek Import Arjansas DOT Import Geel Import Georgia DOT Import GROS Import MOSS Import MOSS Import MOSS
Convert CRD to TDS CR5 Convert TDS CR5 to CRD Convert CRD to LDD MDB			
Convert LDD MDB to CRD Convert Land Desktop to Carlson Points Convert Givil 3D to Carlson Points	Import GeodMeter Import gonish ALZ Import GeoPak Centerline Import gonish RAS Import Leica Export GeoPak Centerline Import Lgood Export GeoPak Centerline Import Lgood Export GeoPak Centerline Import MOSS Export GeoPak Centerline Import MOSS Export GeoPak Centerline Import MOSS Export Leica Import Softdesk Import Softdesk Import Spanish SPOL Import TDS ROS File Import TDS RDS File Import TG Skip File Import Leica Export Leica	Import Spanish RAS	
Convert Carlson Points to <u>S</u> oftdesk Convert Softdesk to Carlson <u>P</u> oints			Import <u>P</u> izer Import <u>R</u> oadCalc
Convert Carlson Points to C&G Convert C&G to Carlson Points			Import <u>S</u> MI Import Softdes <u>k</u> Import Spanish SC1
Convert Carlson Points to Simplicity Convert Simplicity to Carlson Points			Import Spanish TRV Import Terramodel
Convert Leica to Carlson Points Convert Geodimeter to Carlson Points			Import Caice Earthworks Export GeoPak
Convert Carlson Points To Ashtech GIS			Export GeoPak Export IGRDS
Convert PacSoft CRD to Carlson CRD	Export SMI Chain Export Softdesk		Export <u>R</u> oadCalc
Convert Carlson Points to EaglePt Convert EaglePt to Carlson Points	Export Sokkia/Leitz Export TDS		

Originally posted on Carlson Connection by Jennifer Dibona

Carlson Webinars – BIM, GIS and CAD Standards

Carlson Software recently asked Felicia and me to present webinars on topics we have particular interest in or specialize in.

Felicia's webinar on BIM, GIS and Carlson Software can be viewed here: BIM, GIS and Carlson Software Webinar

My webinar on CAD Standards can be viewed here: CAD Standards for Carlson Software with AutoCAD or IntelliCAD

Originally posted on Carlson Connection by Jennifer Dibona

BIM, GIS and Carlson Software Webinar

Felicia Provencal's webinar for Carlson Software on the topic, "BIM, GIS and Carlson Software" can be viewed or downloaded here.

The Power of LandXML

The ability to import and export to LandXML has been around for quite awhile, but I still get a lot of curious looks when I mention it in my training classes. So, what is it? And why should you be using it?

Why Should We Be Using It?

We've all become accustomed to saving archive copies of our drawings for various purposes but saving the corresponding project data is often overlooked. Retrieving the drawing file may allow you to recover proposed contours and profile grid, but the underlying "surface" is lost unless the project was also archived.

Importing and exporting using XML files is the most convenient way to convert, transfer and archive data created in Carlson Software, Land Desktop, Civil 3D, Eagle Point, TerraModel and, I'm sure, other programs.

But, What Is LandXML?

LandXML refers to a file format (.xml) containing data created

in a civil/survey program. My recommendation is that ALL civil and survey data should be archived – progress, submittal and final archive – using LandXML.

The way I like to explain it is that we use XML files in the same way we used to rely on DXF files. They're mostly outdated now, but DXF files are a generic file format that, for example, we used to convert MicroStation DGN files to AutoCAD DWG files. At that time, AutoCAD couldn't read DGN files and Microstation couldn't read DWG files; but both could read DXF files. So, we had to convert our drawing files to the generic DXF format that could then be read into the other program.

Similarly, Carlson Software, Land Desktop, Civil 3D and the other programs create their own unique files for civil/survey project data such as points, point groups, surfaces, centerlines, profiles, etc. When we have to pass that data onto someone using a different civil/survey program — it's a nightmare!

That's where LandXML files prove their value.

Exporting your civil/survey data to an XML file breaks it all down into, basically, a text file. Specifically, it's an HTML file that can be viewed through a web browser such as Internet Explorer or Firefox. For instance, when a surface model (TIN) is exported to XML, the X, Y, Z values of each point on the TIN is assigned a number, and then each "face" (triangle) of the TIN is defined by specifying the 3 corners. See the examples below:

```
   - <Surfaces>

- <Surface name="EG">
  - <Definition surfType="TIN" area2DSurf="20450222.7849" area3DSu</p>
    - <Pnts>
       <P id="1">380922.103615 2506607.732735 41.2000</P>
       <P id="2">380958.246247 2506310.293473 41.8000</P>
       id="3">380859.633631 2506378.192599 41.5000
       <P id="4">380838.498931 2506251.881151 41.9000</P>
       <P id="5">380882.693158 2505926.626756 39.1000</P>
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  - <Faces>
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     <F>12 11 10</F>
```

Note that one type of data that is currently not supported in XML files is typical cross-sections or template files.

Another benefit of using LandXML to transfer or archive project data is that any combination or all of your project data can be saved in a single XML file. This is valuable because exporting ALL of the data for a project can create a massive XML file.

Even if you archive your project data in its native format, you should consider additional archiving in XML format. No one knows what kind data files we'll be using 10 or 20 years down the road so saving your data in such a generic, text-based format such as XML files allows for easier retrieval down the road.

Originally posted on **Carlson Connection** by Jennifer Dibona

Engineering, Construction, and BIM

There have been many articles, discussions, and presentations on Building Information Modeling in the recent months. If you haven't already heard the basics, this post covers it well. For surveyors, civil engineers, and construction firms, there are two things you should know about BIM and how it will impact your business.

First, BIM is very similar in its goals and processes to GIS. Basically, you are attaching data and other information to objects. This allows you to manage the facilities after they have been built and track their contents over time. This is very similar to how as-builts of infrastructure are managed and tracked through a GIS system. Water and storm sewer sytems, telecomm transmission lines, and landscaping are types of things that are traditionally managed using GIS. The information age has dramatically opened up opportunities for professionals to gather, collate, and attach data to their surveys, designs, and as-builts.

Secondly, since buildings are not constructed in isolation, they must tie into the site grading and infrastructure, further opportunities for designers and contractors have opened up. Complex site plans showing how the grading, structural design, and utilities will all connect are now possible, and represent a new deliverable for firms to offer their clients. Carlson Software offers many solutions for creating these models and because Carlson data migrates well between various CAD and GIS platforms, owners and developers of these projects can be assured that their designs will be ready for management once construction is complete. Originally posted on Carlson Connection by Felicia Provencal